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COMPLEXITY RESULTS ON LOCALLY-BALANCED 2-PARTITIONS OF BIPARTITE GRAPHS

A 2-partition $f: V(G) \to \{0, 1\}$ of a graph G is locally-balanced with an open (closed) neighbourhood if for every $v \in V(G)$,

$$||\{u \in N_G(v): f(u) = 1\}| - |\{u \in N_G(v): f(u) = 0\}|| \le 1$$

$$(||\{u \in N_G[v]: f(u) = 1\}| - |\{u \in N_G[v]: f(u) = 0\}|| \le 1),$$

where $N_G(v) = \{ u \in V(G) : uv \in E(G) \}$ $(N_G[v] = N_G(v) \cup \{v\}).$

The concept of locally-balanced 2-partition of graphs was introduced by Balikyan and Kamalian [1] in 2005. In this talk we consider the following problems:

Problem 1.

Instance: A (3, 8)-biregular bipartite graph G.

Question: Does G has a locally-balanced 2-partition with an open neighbourhood?

Problem 2.

Instance: An even bipartite graph G with $\Delta(G) = 4$.

Question: Does G has a locally-balanced 2-partition with an open neighbourhood?

Problem 3.

Instance: A bipartite graph G with $\Delta(G) = 3$.

Question: Does G has a locally-balanced 2-partition with a closed neighbourhood?

In this talk we show that Problems 1-3 are NP-complete.

This is joint work with Petros Petrosyan.

References

[1] S.V. Balikyan, R.R. Kamalian, On NP-completeness of the problem of existence of locally-balanced 2-partition for bipartite graphs G with $\Delta(G) = 3$, Doklady NAN RA, 105(1), 2005, pp. 21-27.