

Matas Šileikis

Czech Academy of Sciences

CONCENTRATION OF EXTENSION COUNTS IN $G(n, p)$

For the random binomial graph $G(n, p)$ we consider a notion that generalizes the degree sequence. Fixing a rooted graph H , for each vertex v count the number of extensions, that is copies of H in which v plays the role of the root.

In 1989, Spencer [2] gave sufficient conditions for the event that, with high probability, these extension counts are asymptotically equal for all vertices. For the important case when H is strictly balanced, Spencer also raised the fundamental question whether these conditions are necessary. In [1] we answer this question, and discuss some intriguing problems that remain open.

This is joint work with Lutz Warnke.

References

- [1] M. Šileikis, L. Warnke, *Counting extensions revisited*, arXiv:1911.03012.
- [2] J. Spencer, *Counting extensions*, Journal of Combinatorial Theory A, 55, 1990, pp. 247-255.